Holographic correlator between 1/4 BPS Wilson loop and 1/2 BPS local operator

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1. Introduction:

AdS/CFT correspondence:

Correlator in gauge theory \leftrightarrow Propagator in string theory

Target:
$$\langle W(C)O_J(\vec{x}) \rangle \sim \exp(-S_{\text{string}}) \quad (J \sim \sqrt{\lambda} \gg 1)$$

gauge theory: 1/4 BPS Wilson loop and 1/2 BPS local operator

$$W(C) = \operatorname{trPexp} \int d\sigma \left(i A_{\mu} \dot{x}^{\mu} + \Phi_i \Theta^i |\dot{x}| \right), \quad O_J = \operatorname{tr}(\Phi_3 - i \Phi_4)^J$$

 $\vec{\Theta}(\sigma) = (\sin \theta_0 \cos \sigma, \sin \theta_0 \sin \sigma, \cos \theta_0, 0, 0, 0)$ N.Drukker (06)

string theory: semiclassical string amplitude 1/2BPS WL case → K.Zarembo(02)

Gauge theory result:

G.W.Semenoff-K.Zarembo (01), G.W.Semenoff-D.Young (06)

 $\frac{\langle WO_J \rangle}{\langle W \rangle} \propto \left(\frac{r}{r^2 + \ell^2} \right)^J \frac{I_J(\sqrt{\lambda'})}{I_1(\sqrt{\lambda'})}$ $(\lambda' = \lambda \cos^2 \theta_0, I_J : \text{modified Bessel function})$

saddle points for Bessel function:

$$I_J(\sqrt{\lambda'}) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\infty - i\pi}^{\infty + i\pi} dz e^{\sqrt{\lambda'}(\cosh z - j'z)} \quad (J = j'\sqrt{\lambda'})$$
$$z = \begin{cases} z_+ \equiv \log(\sqrt{j'^2 + 1} + j'), & \text{on the path} \\ z_- \equiv -\log(\sqrt{j'^2 + 1} + j') + \pi i, & \text{not on the path} \end{cases}$$

leading behavior:

$$I_J(\sqrt{\lambda'}) \sim e^{\sqrt{\lambda'}(\cosh z - j'z)} \Big|_{z_{\perp}} = e^{\sqrt{\lambda'}(\sqrt{j'^2 + 1} + j'\log(\sqrt{j'^2 + 1} - j'))}$$

2. String solution in global coordinate:

global metric and AdS3 × S3 ansatz:

$$\begin{split} ds^2 &= L^2 \big\{ -\cosh^2 \rho dt^2 + d\rho^2 \sinh^2 \rho (d\varphi_1^2 + \sin^2 \varphi_1 d\varphi_2^2 + \cos^2 \varphi_1 d\varphi_3^2) \\ &\quad + d\theta^2 + \sin^2 \theta d\phi^2 + \cos^2 \theta (d\chi_1^2 + \sin^2 \chi_1 d\chi_2^2 + \cos^2 \chi_1 d\chi_3^2) \big\} \\ \text{ansatz:} \begin{cases} t = t(\tau), \quad \rho = \rho(\tau), \quad \varphi_1 = \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad \varphi_2 = \sigma, \\ \theta = \theta(\tau), \quad \phi = \sigma, \quad \chi_1 = \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad \chi_2 = \chi_2(\tau). \end{cases} \\ (\text{integrable structure for this system is studied in N.Drukker-B.Fiol (06)}) \end{split}$$

constants of motion:

$$\Pi_{\chi_2} = \Pi_t = J = j\sqrt{\lambda}, \qquad (\leftrightarrow \quad \mathcal{O}_J)$$

Euclidean solution (
$$t_E = it$$
, $\tau_E = i\tau$):

AdS5 part:

$$\sinh \rho = \frac{\sqrt{j^2 + 1}}{\sinh \sqrt{j^2 + 1}\tau_{\rm E}}$$
$$t_{\rm E} = j\tau_{\rm E} - \frac{1}{2}\log\left(\frac{\cosh(\sqrt{j^2 + 1}\tau_{\rm E} + \xi)}{\cosh(\sqrt{j^2 + 1}\tau_{\rm E} - \xi)}\right)$$
$$\binom{\xi = \log(\sqrt{j^2 + 1} + j)}{(\xi = \log(\sqrt{j^2 + 1} + j))}$$

S5 part:

$$\begin{split} &\inf \theta = \frac{\sqrt{j^2 + 1}}{\cosh \sqrt{j^2 + 1}(\tau_{\rm E} + \tau_0)} \quad \left(\sin \theta_0 = \frac{\sqrt{j^2 + 1}}{\cosh \sqrt{j^2 + 1}\tau_0}\right) \\ &\varphi_2 = -ij\tau_{\rm E} + \frac{i}{2}\log \frac{\sinh(\sqrt{j^2 + 1}(\tau_{\rm E} + \tau_0) + \xi)}{\sinh(\sqrt{j^2 + 1}(\tau_{\rm E} + \tau_0) - \xi)} \frac{\sinh(\sqrt{j^2 + 1}\tau_0 - \xi)}{\sinh(\sqrt{j^2 + 1}\tau_0 + \xi)} \end{split}$$

embedding coordinate: $\chi_1 \pm i\chi_2 = \sin\theta e^{\pm i\phi} \chi_3 \pm i\chi_4 = \cos\theta e^{\pm i\chi_2}$



3. BPS condition:

BPS condition in gauge theory \rightarrow G.W.Semenoff-D.Young (06) projection for string world sheet (Euclidean):

$$\frac{i}{\sqrt{\det g}}\partial_{\tau_{\rm E}}X^M\partial_\sigma X^N\hat{\Gamma}_M\hat{\Gamma}_N\sigma_3\Big(\begin{array}{c}\epsilon_1\\\epsilon_2\end{array}\Big)=\Big(\begin{array}{c}\epsilon_1\\\epsilon_2\end{array}\Big)$$

Killing spinor in AdS5 × S5:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 \end{pmatrix} = e^{\frac{\rho}{2}\varepsilon\Gamma_*\Gamma_1} e^{\frac{t_2}{2}\varepsilon\Gamma_*\Gamma_E} e^{\frac{\varphi_2}{2}\Gamma_{13}} e^{\frac{\theta}{2}\varepsilon\Gamma_*\Gamma_5} e^{\frac{\phi}{2}\Gamma_{56}} e^{\frac{\chi_2}{2}\varepsilon\Gamma_*\Gamma_8} \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_1^0 \\ \epsilon_2^0 \end{pmatrix}$$

preserved supersymmetry:

 $(1 - i\Gamma_{\rm E}\Gamma_8) \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_1^0 \\ \epsilon_2^0 \end{pmatrix} = 0$ ↔ S5 rotation (local operator) $(1 - \Gamma_{\text{rec}}) \left(\begin{array}{c} \epsilon_1^0 \\ \end{array} \right) = 0$ ٦

$$\begin{array}{c} (1 - \Gamma_{1356}) \left(\begin{array}{c} \epsilon_{2}^{1} \\ \epsilon_{2}^{0} \end{array}\right) = 0 \\ (1 + i(\sin\theta_{0}\Gamma_{16} + \cos\theta_{0}\Gamma_{13})\sigma_{3}) \left(\begin{array}{c} \epsilon_{1}^{0} \\ \epsilon_{2}^{0} \end{array}\right) = 0 \end{array} \right\} \leftrightarrow 1/4 \text{ BPS string (Wilson loop)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{N.Drukker (06)} \\ \text{N.Drukker (06)} \end{array}$$

1/8 BPS (agree with the expectation from gauge theory)

4. Solutions in Poincare AdS: $ds^{2} = L^{2} \frac{dY^{2} + d\vec{X}^{2}}{dY^{2} + d\vec{X}^{2}} = L^{2} \frac{dY^{2} + dR^{2} + R^{2} d\Omega_{3}^{2}}{d\Omega_{3}^{2}}$

Poincare AdS:

global
$$\leftrightarrow$$
 Poincare: $Y = \frac{e^{t_E}}{\cosh \rho}, R = e^{t_E} \tanh \rho$

blution with
$$O_J$$
 at infinity (obtained by above transformation):

$$\begin{split} Y(\tau_{\rm E}) &= {\rm e}^{j\tau_{\rm E}} \Big[\sqrt{j^2 + 1} \tanh(\sqrt{j^2 + 1}\tau_{\rm E} + \xi) - j \Big] \quad Y(0) = 0, \quad Y(\infty) = \infty \\ R(\tau_{\rm E}) &= \frac{{\rm e}^{j\tau_{\rm E}} \sqrt{j^2 + 1}}{\cosh(\sqrt{j^2 + 1}\tau_{\rm E} + \xi)} \qquad R(0) = 1, \quad R(\infty) = 0 \\ \text{K.Zarembol} \end{split}$$

solution with
$$O_I$$
 at finite distance (obtained by isometry):

$$\vec{\mathbf{X}}' = \frac{(\ell^2 + r^2)}{\ell^2 + R^2 + Y^2} (R\cos\sigma, R\sin\sigma, 0, -\ell) + (0, 0, 0, \ell), \quad Y' = \frac{(\ell^2 + r^2)Y}{\ell^2 + R^2 + Y}$$

action: bulk action:

$$\begin{split} S_{\rm string} &= S_{\rm bulk} + S_{\rm boundary} \\ S_{\rm bulk} &= \sqrt{\lambda} \bigg[\frac{1}{0} - \sqrt{j^2 + \cos^2 \theta_0} \bigg] \end{split}$$

boundary terms:

 $\tau_{\rm E} =$

0: Legendre transformation for
$$u = 1/Y$$

 $S_{\text{boundary},0} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{u}} u\Big|_{z=-0} = -\frac{\sqrt{\lambda}}{0}$
N.Drukker-D.Gross-H.Ooguri(99)

$$\begin{split} & \sum_{\mathbf{E}} = \infty: \text{ vertex operator} \\ & -S_{\text{boundary},\infty} = J \bigg[\log \frac{Y'}{Y'^2 + (\vec{X'} - \vec{x})^2} + \log \cos \theta e^{-i\chi_2} \bigg]_{\tau_{\mathbf{E}} = \infty} \\ & \begin{cases} & -\cdots \\ \ell^2 + r^2 + j\infty + \log(\sqrt{j^2 + 1} - j) \\ & -\cdots \\ - -j\infty - \log(\sqrt{j^2 + 1} - j) + \log(\sqrt{j'^2 + 1} - j') \end{cases} \end{split}$$

result:

$$\exp(-S_{\text{string}}) = \left(\frac{r}{\ell^2 + r^2}\right)^J \exp\sqrt{\lambda'} \left[\sqrt{j'^2 + 1} + j' \log(\sqrt{j'^2 + 1} - j')\right]$$

6. Second solution:

unstable string solution for J=0 \rightarrow N.Drukker (06) solution: $\sin \theta = \overline{\cosh\sqrt{j^2+1}(-\tau_{\rm E}+\tau_0)}$ • the "size" becomes larger than S5 smooth in embedding coordinate preserves the same supersymmetry changes in string action: $S_{1,1} = \sqrt{\lambda} \left[\frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{\lambda^{2} + \cos^{2} \theta_{1}} \right]$

$$\begin{aligned} S_{\text{bulk}} &= \sqrt{\lambda} \left[\overline{0} + \sqrt{j^2 + \cos^2 \theta_0} \right] \\ \log \cos \theta e^{-i\chi_2} \Big|_{\infty} &= -j\infty - \log(\sqrt{j^2 + 1} - j) - \log(\sqrt{j'^2 + 1} - j') + \pi i \end{aligned}$$

result:

exp
$$(-S_{\text{string}}) \propto (-1)^J \exp \sqrt{\lambda'} \Big[-\sqrt{j'^2 + 1} - j' \log(\sqrt{j'^2 + 1} - j') \Big]$$

second saddle point for modified Bessel function: $\left. \mathrm{e}^{\sqrt{\lambda'}\cosh z - Jz} \right|_{z_{-}} = (-1)^{J} \mathrm{e}^{\sqrt{\lambda'}(-\sqrt{j'^{2}+1}-j'\log(\sqrt{j'^{2}+1}-j'))}$ 🖌 agree

7. Generic configurations:

generic isometry \rightarrow genericstring solutions:

evaluation of string action:

$$\left(\frac{r}{\ell^2+r^2}\right)^J \quad \rightarrow \quad \left(\frac{r}{\sqrt{(\rho^2+\ell^2-r^2)^2+4\ell^2r^2}}\right)^J \quad \ell \left(\frac{\rho}{\sqrt{(\rho^2+\ell^2-r^2)^2+4\ell^2r^2}}\right)^J \quad \ell \left(\frac{\rho}{\sqrt{(\rho^2+\ell^2-r^2)^2+4\ell^2r^2}}\right)^J$$

agree with the scaling behavior found previously D.E.Berenstein-R.Corrado-W.Fischler-J.M.Maldacena (99

8. Conclusion:

- rotating string solution extended in S5 as well as AdS5 constructed
- BPS condition istudied. → 1/8 of supersymmetry preserved
- · leading behavior of modified Bessel func., scaling behavior reproduced
- the second solution which becomes larger than S5 found
- the saddle point of modified Bessel function, which is not on the steepest descent path reproduced (by the second string solution)
- scaling behavior for generic configuration reproduced